



NATURA 2000 - STANDARD DATA FORM

For Special Protection Areas (SPA),
Proposed Sites for Community Importance (pSCI),
Sites of Community Importance (SCI) and
for Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

SITE BG0000113

SITENAME Vitosha

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1. SITE IDENTIFICATION

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1.1 Type C	1.2 Site code BG0000113
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1.3 Site name

Vitosha

1.4 First Compilation date	1.5 Update date
2003-10	2018-12

1.6 Respondent:

Name/Organisation:	Ministry of Environment and Water, "National Nature Protection Service" Directorate
Address:	Sofia Kn. Maria Luiza Blvd. 22 1000 Sofia
Email:	natura2000@moew.government.bg

1.7 Site indication and designation / classification dates

Date site classified as SPA:	2007-03
National legal reference of SPA designation	Site classified as SPA by Council of Ministers Decision No. 122/02.03.2007 (promulgated SG 21/2007).
Date site proposed as SCI:	2007-03
Date site confirmed as SCI:	2008-12
Date site designated as SAC:	No data

National legal reference of SAC designation:

No data

Explanation(s):

Site classified as SPA and adopted as pSCI by Council of Ministers Decision No. 122/02.03.2007 (promulgated SG 21/2007). Issued designation order by the Minister of Environment and Water with prohibitions and restrictions on activities contradicting the conservation objectives of the SPA – Order No. RD – 763/28.10.2008 (promulgated SG 99/2008).

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2. SITE LOCATION

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2.1 Site-centre location [decimal degrees]:

Longitude
23.2542

Latitude
42.5467

2.2 Area [ha]:

27102.1062

2.3 Marine area [%]

0.0

2.4 Sitelength [km]:

0.0

2.5 Administrative region code and name

NUTS level 2 code

Region Name

BG41	Югозападен / Yugozapaden
BG41	Югозападен / Yugozapaden
BG41	Югозападен / Yugozapaden

2.6 Biogeographical Region(s)

Continental (100.0
%)

3. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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3.1 Habitat types present on the site and assessment for them

Annex I Habitat types						Site assessment			
Code	PF	NP	Cover [ha]	Cave [number]	Data quality	A B C D	A B C		
						Representativity	Relative Surface	Conservation	Global
3150B			0.4		G	C	C	B	C
3160B			0.94		G	C	B	A	B
4060B			1831.11		M	B	B	B	B
4070B			8.93		G	C	C	C	C
4080B			14.0		M	B	A	B	B
5130B			48.03		M	C	B	C	C
6110B			12.71		M	B	C	B	B
6150B			43.69		G	C	C	C	C
6210B			929.32		M	C	C	B	C
6230B			2793.24		M	A	B	A	A
62A0B			376.16		M	B	C	B	B

62D0			136.73		M	C	C	B	C
6410			303.6		M	B	A	B	B
6430			6.37		M	C	C	B	C
6510			8.81		G	B	C	B	B
6520			241.86		M	B	C	B	B
7140			116.66		M	A	A	B	A
8110			761.31		M	B	B	B	B
8210			9.15		M	D			
8220			79.78		M	C	C	C	C
8230			0.43		M	B	C	B	B
8310				27	G	B	C	B	B
9110			3145.52		M	B	A	B	B
9130			1248.8		M	B	C	B	B
9150			370.21		M	C	C	B	C
9170			1052.8		M	C	C	C	C
9180			79.37		M	C	C	B	C
91D0			7.54		M	B	B	B	B
91E0			83.69		G	B	C	B	B
91H0			351.68		M	C	C	C	C
91M0			958.76		M	B	C	B	B
9410			1422.56		M	A	C	B	B

PF: for the habitat types that can have a non-priority as well as a priority form (6210, 7130, 9430) enter "X" in the column PF to indicate the priority form.

NP: in case that a habitat type no longer exists in the site enter: x (optional)

Cover: decimal values can be entered

Caves: for habitat types 8310, 8330 (caves) enter the number of caves if estimated surface is not available.

Data quality: G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation)

3.2 Species referred to in Article 4 of Directive 2009/147/EC and listed in Annex II of Directive 92/43/EEC and site evaluation for them

Species				Population in the site						Site assessment				
G	Code	Scientific Name	S	NP	T	Size		Unit	Cat.	D.qual.	A B C D		A B C	
						Min	Max				Pop.	Con.	Iso.	Glo.
B	A085	Accipiter gentilis			p	4	7	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A086	Accipiter nisus			p	11	11	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A223	Aegolius funereus			p	9	38	p		G	B	A	C	B
B	A229	Alcedo atthis			w	1	5	i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A229	Alcedo atthis			p	1	2	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A229	Alcedo atthis			c				P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A465	Alectoris graeca graeca			p	9	17	p		G	C	B	B	C
B	A255	Anthus campestris			c				P	DD	C	B	C	C

B	A091	Aquila chrysaetos			p	1	1		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A091	Aquila chrysaetos			w	2	2		i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A091	Aquila chrysaetos			c	2	2		i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A090	Aquila clanga			c		1		i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A404	Aquila heliaca			c		1		i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A089	Aquila pomarina			r	3	3		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A089	Aquila pomarina			c					P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A029	Ardea purpurea			c	1	5		i		G	C	B	C	C
I	1093	Austropotamobius torrentium			p	8735	8735		i	C	M	C	A	C	A
M	1308	Barbastella barbastellus			p	101	250		i	V	M	C	B	C	C
F	5088	Barbus cyclolepis			p					R	DD	C	C	C	C
F	1138	Barbus meridionalis			p	29633	29633		i	C	G	C	B	C	C
A	1193	Bombina variegata			p	13	13		localities	C	G	C	A	C	A
B	A104	Bonasa bonasia			p	19	19		p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A215	Bubo bubo			p		2		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A087	Buteo buteo			p	14	14		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A403	Buteo rufinus			p	2	2		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A403	Buteo rufinus			c					P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A403	Buteo rufinus			w	4	4		i		G	C	B	C	C
P	1386	Buxbaumia viridis			p	133	133		logs	R	M	B	B	A	B
M	1352	Canis lupus			p	4	5		i		G	C	A	C	A
B	A224	Caprimulgus europaeus			r	28	236		p		G	C	A	C	B
B	A224	Caprimulgus europaeus			c					P	DD	C	A	C	B
B	A030	Ciconia nigra			r	2	2		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A080	Circaetus gallicus			r	2	2		p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A081	Circus aeruginosus			c					P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A082	Circus cyaneus			w	1	1		i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A082	Circus cyaneus			c					P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A084	Circus pygargus			c					P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A231	Coracias garrulus			c					P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A122	Crex crex			r	20	95		p		G	C	A	C	A
B	A122	Crex crex			c					P	DD	C	A	C	A
B	A239	Dendrocopos leucotos			p	4	10		p		G	C	A	C	B
B	A238	Dendrocopos medius			p	4	40		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A429	Dendrocopos syriacus			p	5	5		p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A236	Dryocopus martius			p	30	30		p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A379	Emberiza hortulana			r	45	134		p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A379	Emberiza hortulana			c					P	DD	C	A	C	C

I	1074	Eriogaster catax			p	32	53	i	V	P	C	B	C	B
I	1065	Euphydryas aurinia			p				R	DD	C	A	A	A
I	6199	Euplagia quadripunctaria			p	1696	3336	i	V	P	C	B	C	B
B	A511	Falco cherrug			c	1	1	i		G	C	B	B	B
B	A103	Falco peregrinus			r	1	1	p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A103	Falco peregrinus			w	1	1	i		G	C	A	C	C
B	A103	Falco peregrinus			c				P	DD	C	A	C	C
B	A096	Falco tinnunculus			p	15	21	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A442	Ficedula semitorquata			r	1	9	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A153	Gallinago gallinago			c	25	25	i		G	B	A	C	A
B	A153	Gallinago gallinago			w	15	15	i		G	B	A	C	A
B	A123	Gallinula chloropus			c				P	DD	B	A	C	A
B	A123	Gallinula chloropus			p	10	10	p		G	B	A	C	A
B	A123	Gallinula chloropus			w				P	DD	B	A	C	A
P	6216	Hamatocaulis vernicosus			p				V	M	D			
B	A092	Hieraetus pennatus			r	1	1	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A092	Hieraetus pennatus			c				P	DD	C	B	C	C
P	2327	Himantoglossum caprinum			p				P	DD	D			
B	A022	Ixobrychus minutus			r	7	7	p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A338	Lanius collurio			r	120	540	p		G	C	B	C	B
B	A339	Lanius minor			r	1	1	p		G	C	B	C	C
B	A339	Lanius minor			c				P	DD	C	B	C	C
I	1083	Lucanus cervus			p	22025	43328	i	R	M	C	B	C	C
B	A246	Lullula arborea			p	94	260	p		G	C	A	C	C
B	A246	Lullula arborea			c				P	DD	C	A	C	C
M	1355	Lutra lutra			p	1	2	i		G	C	C	B	C
I	1060	Lycaena dispar			p				R	DD	B	A	B	B
B	A242	Melanocorypha calandra			c				P	DD	C	B	C	C
B	A073	Milvus migrans			c		1	i		G	C	B	C	C
B	A074	Milvus milvus			c		1	i		G	C	B	C	C
M	1310	Miniopterus schreibersii			w	11	50	i	V	G	D			
I	1089	Morimus funereus			p	102059	118546	i	P	M	C	B	C	B
M	1307	Myotis blythii			w	11	50	i	R		C	B	C	C
M	1321	Myotis emarginatus			p				P	DD	D			
M	1324	Myotis myotis			w				R	DD	D			
B	A077	Neophron percnopterus			c				P	DD	C	B	C	C

I		Plebejus sephirus						P							X
R		Podarcis muralis						C							X
P		Primula farinosa ssp. exiqua						V				X			
B	A267	Prunella collaris			40	40									X
I		Pterostchus rhilensis vitosensis						P				X			
A		Rana dalmatina						C							X
B	A318	Regulus ignicapillus			500	500									X
B	A317	Regulus regulus			1010	1010									X
P		Salix pentandra			11	50						X			
F		Salmo trutta fario						R							X
B	A276	Saxicola torquata			13	13									X
I		Scolitantides orion						P							X
P		Spiranthes spiralis						V				X			
B	A210	Streptopelia turtur			120	120									X
P		Swertia pernnis						R				X			
B	A311	Sylvia atricapilla			1650	1650									X
P		Taxus baccata			101	250						X			
P		Tragopogon balcanicum						V					X		
P		Traunsteinera globosa						V				X			
B	A283	Turdus merula			1900	1900									X
B	A285	Turdus philomelos			500	500									X
B	A282	Turdus torquatus			255	255									X
R		Vipera ammodytes						P							X

Group: A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, Fu = Fungi, I = Invertebrates, L = Lichens, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles

CODE: for Birds, Annex IV and V species the code as provided in the reference portal should be used in addition to the scientific name

S: in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes

NP: in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)

Unit: i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting, (see [reference portal](#))

Cat.: Abundance categories: C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present

Motivation categories: **IV, V:** Annex Species (Habitats Directive), **A:** National Red List data; **B:** Endemics; **C:** International Conventions; **D:** other reasons

4. SITE DESCRIPTION

4.1 General site character

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Habitat class	% Cover
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N15	4.0
N11	9.0
N16	30.0
N17	9.0
N07	2.0
N06	1.0
N08	13.0
N10	5.0
N23	1.0
N20	17.0
N22	5.0
N09	4.0
Total Habitat Cover	100

Other Site Characteristics

Vitosha Mountain is located in western Bulgaria, to the south of Sofia plain. The site includes entirely the Vitosha Mountain and its limits coincide with those of the Vitosha Nature Park. To the west it borders on Vladaya, Murchaev, Rudartsi, Kladnitsa, Studena dam and Bosnek. To the east the limit passes beyond the villages of Bistritsa, Zheleznitsa and the residential area Yarema. To the south it descends to Bukapreslapski pass, which separates Vitosha from the Verila Mountain. Its northern limit goes beyond the Sofia residential areas Boyana, Knyazhevo, Dragalevtsi and Simeonovo. The Vitosha is a part of the Plana – Zavalaska chain, being the only cupola mountain of volcanic origin in Bulgaria. The mountain's territory supports about 1490 vascular plant species, 500 algae and over 360 lichen species. Of the vascular plants 72 are Balkan and 24 are Bulgarian endemic species. Forth-eight species are glacial, and 47 are Tertiary relicts. Due to the mountain's relatively high altitude, its vegetation has clearly expressed vertical belts. There is a mixed broadleaved forest belt, beech forest belt, a coniferous forest belt and a sub-Alpine belt sparcely distributed alpine habitats.

4.2 Quality and importance

Pinus mugo is pointed due to its significance of formations formed by the species. There is no belt of this species within the Vitosha area, the presence of Pinus mugo is fragmentary. The population is needed to be restored. Salix pentandra is pointed due to its unique locality in Bulgaria. Pinus peuce and Acer heldreichii are in the IUCN list. Within the Vitosha site are presented local endemites for which 100 % of its population is focused on the territory of the site. Such local endemites are pointed in the form Other important species - Invertebrates - 4 species. Vitosha supports 114 bird species, 18 of which are listed in the Red Data Book for Bulgaria (1985). Of the birds occurring there 38 species are of European conservation concern (SPEC) (BirdLife International, 2004), 1 of them being listed in category SPEC 1 as globally threatened, 15 in SPEC 2 and 22 in SPEC 3 as species threatened in Europe. The area provides suitable habitats for 25 species, included in Annex 2 of the Biodiversity Act, which need special conservation measures, of which 22 are listed also in Annex I of the Birds Directive. Vitosha mountain is of global importance for the Corncrake *Crex crex* that breeds there in significant numbers. It is one of the most important places in the country on a European Union scale for this species and for the Tengmalm's Owl *Aegolius funereus*. The Scops Owl *Otus scops* and the Ring Ouzel *Turdus torquatus* breed there in numbers that are of significance on a European scale. The site holds representative populations of Pygmy Owl *Glaucidium passerinum*, European Nightjar *Caprimulgus europaeus*, White-backed Woodpecker *Dendrocopos leucotos*. The Three-toed Woodpecker *Picoides trydactylus* is found to breed there as well.

4.3 Threats, pressures and activities with impacts on the site

The most important impacts and activities with high effect on the site

Negative Impacts			
Rank	Threats and pressures [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside/outside [i o b]
M	E03		o
L	D02.09		b
L	B01.02		b

Positive Impacts			
Rank	Activities, management [code]	Pollution (optional) [code]	inside/outside [i o b]
L	E03		i
L	F02.03		b
L	F04		o

H	E02		o
M	G01.03		o
H	G01.06		i
M	B		b
M	E03.01		i
L	B02.03		b
M	G01.04		i
M	B02.04		b
L	L		i
M	G01.02		o
H	E01.01		o
L	J01		o
L	G01.03		i
L	G01.04		o
L	F02.03		o
M	D01.01		b
L	F04		o
M	A04.03		i
L	K01.03		i
M	I01		i
L	I03.02		i
M	A07		o
M	F04		i
L	A09		o
M	A08		o
H	G01.02		i
M	H		o
L	E03		i
M	G02.02		i
M	A03		b
M	E01.01		i
M	D02.01		b
M	G01.08		b
L	A04		i
L	K05.01		i
M	F03.01		o
M	G01.05		i
L	G05.01		b
L	A07		i
L	F03.01		i
L	F02.03		i
M	E01		i
M	D02		o
L	G01.05		o
M	A04		o
M	F03.02		o
H	E01		o

M	A04		o
L	I03.02		i
M	B		o
M	A08		o
L	G01.04		o
L	A04		i
L	K01.03		i
L	K05.01		i
M	B		i
M	D02		o
L	G01.05		o
L	A09		o

Rank: H = high, M = medium, L = low

Pollution: N = Nitrogen input, P = Phosphor/Phosphate input, A = Acid input/acidification,

T = toxic inorganic chemicals, O = toxic organic chemicals, X = Mixed pollutions

i = inside, o = outside, b = both

4.4 Ownership (optional)

4.5 Documentation

Initial proposal and description of the site made by Vitosha Nature Park Directorate /17 Antim 1 Str. / dppvitosh@iag.bg; St. Beshkov - NMNH, Sofia; Dr. P. Iankov, M. Gramatikov, S. Petkov, M. Alibashev, I. Hristov, Dr. B. Ivanov, K. Ruskov, A. Ignatov-BSPB, Bulgaria. Data revised by a team of Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (<http://www.bas.bg>). Initially listed publications: BDZP/BirdLife Balgariya. 2005. "Nacionalna banka za ornitologichna informacia 1988-2005", Balgarsko Druzhestvo za zastita na pticite; Botev, B. and Tz. Peshev, (eds). 1985. Red Data Book of Republic Bulgaria. 2: Animals. Sofia: Bulgarian Academy of Science. (In Bulgarian.); MOSV. 2005. Arhiv na zastitenite teritorii v Bulgaria. Baza dannii (nepubl.); Nikolov, B., I. Hristov, P. Shurulinkov, I. Nikolov, A. Rogev, A. Ducov, R. Stanchev. 2001. Novi dannii za niakoi slabo izucheni vidove gorski sovi (*Strix uralensis*, *Glaucidium passerinum*, *Aegolius funereus*) v Bulgaria. - Nauka za gorata, Kn. 1/2, 75-86.; Petrov, C., P. Iankov, T. Michev, B. Milchev, L. Profirov. 1991. Razprostranenie, chislenost i merki za opazvane na chernia shturkel, *Ciconia nigra* (L.) v Bulgaria. - Izv. Muz. IU. Bulgaria, T. 17, 25-32.; Shurulinkov, P., I. Hristov, S. Nikolov. 2001. Pticite na prirodni park Vitosha. Sofia, Geosoft EOOD, 153 s.; ***. 2005. Vitosha Nature Park. Management plan 2005-2014. NCTR-EAD, Sofia, 236 pp. (In Bulgarian); ***. In prep. Development Plan of the Pernik Municipality (2007 – 2013). Draft for discussions. 121 pp. (In Bulgarian); BirdLife International. 2000. Threatened birds of the world. Barcelona and Cambridge, UK: Lynx Edicions and BirdLife International, 695pp. BirdLife International. 2004. Birds in Europe: Population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12). 373pp.; BSPB/BirdLife International. 2005. World Bird Database – Important Birds Areas. Bulgaria. Cambridge. (unpublished); Hristov, I. 2003. The Status of Forest Owls in Bulgaria at the beginning of 21st Century. Vogelwelt 124: 285- 288; Delov, V. 1995. Investigations on the Corncrake (*Crex crex* L.) in the region of Sofia. – Ann. Univ. Sofia "St. Kliment Ohridski", 88, 4, 25-31.; Guidelines for evaluation of protected zones according, which include habitats for birds to art. 7, par. 3, under the art. 6 par. 1.3 and 1.4 of the Biodiversity Act. 2005. (In Bulgarian.); Kostadinova, I., M. Mihailov, (comp.) 2002. Guide for NATURA 2000 in Bulgaria. BSPB nature conservation series No5. BSPB, Sofia, 80pp. (In Bulgarian.); Kostadinova, I. 2005. Application of C criteria for Identification of Important Bird Areas of European Union importance in Bulgaria. Preliminary implementation and analysis of the gaps. – In: Petrova, A. (ed.), Current state of Bulgarian biodiversity – problems and perspectives. Pp. 533-548. Bulgarian Bioplatform, Sofia Kouzmanov, G. 1996. L' Aigle pomarin *Aquila pomarina* en Bulgarie. – In: Meyburg, B.-U. & R. D. Chancellor eds. Eagle Studies. World Working Group on Birds of Prey (WWGBP), Berlin, London & Paris, 319-326. MOEW. 1998. CORINE Biotopes Database of the sites of European Importance for the biodiversity. Bulgaria, MOSV (nepubl.); Osieck, E. 2000 Filling in the requirements of the EU Birds Directive: Lessons from the 'Dutch Case'. In: European IBA Workshop. 29 March - 2 April 2000, Brussels, Belgium. Proceedings. BirdLife International, 86-99; Waliczky, Z. 2000 "Important Bird Areas of European Union Importance: explanation of the EU Criteria applied in IBA 2000" In: European IBA Workshop. 29 March - 2 April 2000, Brussels, Belgium. Proceedings. BirdLife International, 12-16. New data provided by project "Mapping and assessment of the conservation status of the natural habitats and species - Phase 1" (see link).

Link(s): <http://natura2000.moew.government.bg/Home/ProtectedSite?code=BG0000113&siteType=BirdsDirective>
<http://natura2000.moew.government.bg/Home/ProtectedSite?code=BG0000113&siteType=HabitatDirective>

5. SITE PROTECTION STATUS (optional)

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level:

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Code	Cover [%]	Code	Cover [%]	Code	Cover [%]
BG03	0.01	BG01	6.718474123668303	BG05	100.0

5.2 Relation of the described site with other sites:

designated at national or regional level:

Type code	Site name	Type	Cover [%]
BG05	Vitosha	=	100.0
BG01	Bistrishko bramishte	+	2.881992746504513
BG03	Duhlata cave Natural landmark	+	0.01
BG01	Torfeno branishte	+	3.836481377163789

designated at international level:

Type	Site name	Type	Cover [%]
Other	Bistrishko branishte Reserve	+	4.0
	IBA	=	100.0

5.3 Site designation (optional)

The territory of the proposed site (more than 99%) is a part of the "Vitosha" Nature Park, designated in the year 1934 to protect the remarkable ecosystems typical for the mountain. The park includes 2 reserves – "Bistrishko Branishte" and "Torfeno Branishte". The Bistrishko Branishte Reserve was designated in 1934 to protect primary spruce ecosystems and is listed in UNESCO's Man and the Biosphere Programme in 1977. There is one nature monument here – the "Douhlata cave" designated in 1962 to protect the longest cave in Bulgaria. In 1998 CORINE Site with the same name was designated because of its European value for rare and threatened habitats, plant and animal species, including birds. In 2005 Vitosha was designated also as Important Bird Area by BirdLife International.

6. SITE MANAGEMENT

6.1 Body(ies) responsible for the site management:

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Organisation:	Regional Inspectorate of Environment and Water: Sofia, Pernik; Vitosha Nature Park Directorate
Address:	
Email:	

6.2 Management Plan(s):

An actual management plan does exist:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes	Name: Management Plan for Vitosha Nature Park, adopted by Council of Ministers Decision No. 305/22.04.2005 (promulgated SG 38/2005). Link: https://www.moew.government.bg/wp-content/uploads/filebase/Nature/Protected_areas/PU_PP-Vitosha_2005-2014.pdf
<input type="checkbox"/>	No, but in preparation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	No	

6.3 Conservation measures (optional)

Managment plan for the Nature Park, adopted in 2005.

7. MAP OF THE SITES

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INSPIRE ID:

Map delivered as PDF in electronic format (optional)

Yes No

Reference(s) to the original map used for the digitalisation of the electronic boundaries (optional).

